

Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL. X.]

WEDNESDAY, April 25, 1810.

277

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c. Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day—All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. M.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY

CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon and Teneriffe Wine.
8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.
9000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do. Spanish Segars.
8 barrels Pimento.
October 16.

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity.

A Warrant for 695 acres of Land, Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be among the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

ROBERT GRAY,

BOOK-SELLER, KING-STREET,

Talleyrand's Memoir concerning the commercial relations of the United States with England.
Zollikoffer's Sermons on Education.
Remarks on Adams' Review of Ames' works.

Mrs. Chapone's works.
Macknight on the Epistles, vol. 1st, to be comprised in 6 vols. octavo—price to subscribers 2 dolls. 50 cts in boards.

Guthrie's Geographical, Historical, and Commercial Grammar, improved, 2 vols. octavo.

The works of President Edwards, 8 vols. octavo.

1. The works of Dr. Rush, 4 vols. octavo.
Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.
Brooks' Gazetteer.

Hutchinson's Xenophon.
Gibson's and Jesse's Surveying.
Murphy's Lucian.

Barlow's Columbiad, 2 vols. 12mo.
American Register, vol. 5th.

Dr. Ramsay's History of South Carolina, 2 vols. octavo, boards—price 5 dolls. 50 cts.

Subscriptions received by R. Gray for the Monthly Anthology, Macknight on the Epistles, and a new American Dispensatory, all new publishing by subscription in 10 w.

MUSCOVADO SUGAR.

About 130,000 lbs. of Muscovado Sugars of a superior quality in casks, weighing from 18 to 23 hundred each, will be sold on generous terms, on application to

James Patton,

or

Marsteller & Young.

March 18.

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax streets, has for sale,

8 pipes London Particular Madeira, old and of superior quality

15 quarter casks Malaga Wine
6 do. Colmanar do.
10 do. Sherry DB & DG Brands

50 cases old Claret and Vin de Graves
50 barrels Whiskey
8 hds. and 10 barrels Northern Rum

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin TEAS, of the best qualities.

With a general assortment of Wines, Liqueurs and Groceries as usual, on moderate terms.

March 2

For Boston, The regular trading Brig LOGAN;

Joe. Hammett, master.

Will sail in six days, and will take a few passengers, for which she has excellent accommodations. Apply to

Lawrason & Fowle;

Who have now Landing from said brig, and schr. Samuel, from Boston,

16 hds. } New England Rum
59 barrels
250 boxes Mould Candles
7 hds. retalling Sugar
10 do. do. Molasses
4 pipes Malaga Wine
20 chests Gunpowder, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas
60 cases and 50 boxes Fresh Raisins
20 boxes, 10 tralls, and 3 casks figs
100 barrels mess, no. 1, and 50 half barrels ditto Boston Beef
5,000 lbs. Grass Rope
20 boxes Chocolate
30 barrels Apples
5 firkins Butter

From schr. Dove, from Portsmouth, 14 tons Plaster Paris
90 bars Sweeds Iron
6 hds. } New England Rum
13 bbls.
20 boxes Mould and Dipt Candles
8 hds. Molasses
60 pieces Tow Cloth.

Also, from sloop Ranger, captain Campbell, from Newburyport,
70 barrels N. E. Rum
200 Regs Salmon.

IN STOCK,

Berberon Gurrache, Ravens Duck, Young Hyson Tea, German Checks, Muscovado Sugars, Molasses, Mess No. 1 and No. 2 Beef, prime Pork, Mackarel, Salmon, Tunnies' Oil, boxes of Shoes of different qualities
4000 bushels coarse, and 3000 do. blown Liverpool Salt.

TO LET,

A House on Royal street, next door north of Samuel Snowden's, now in the possession of Mr. Daniel M'Dougall. Possession may be had on the 10th day of May.

Apply to
John Longden.

April 20.

JUST RECEIVED BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF FANCY GOODS,

VIZ.

GILT and mahogany frame LOOKING GLASSES—of the newest patterns—

Tea Boards of different colours; Knives and Forks; Pen and Sportsman's Knives; Whips and Canes of various kinds; ladies' kid and leather Gloves; gentlemen's ditto; Pocket Books; cloth, hair, shoe and sweeping Brushes; plated and brass Candle Sticks; new patterns; Razors, &c. &c.—He also continues carrying on the

COMB MAKING,

and has on hand, a quantity of ivory, tortoise shell and horn Combs; all of which he offers for sale at reduced prices for Cash.

CASH given for Tortoise Shell and Horns.

Thomas Mount.

April 20.

JUST RECEIVED FOR SALE, BY JAMES KENNEDY SEN.

BOOKSELLER, KING-STREET, AN

ORATION,

COMMEMORATIVE OF THE CHARACTER & ADMINISTRATION OF

WASHINGTON.

PREPARED BEFORE THE AMERICAN REPUBLICAN SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA,

On the 22d day of February, 1810.

BY CHARLES CALDWELL, M. D. Published at the request of the Society.

Subscription for the First Folio are received as above.

March 14.

Freight Wanted.

About 300 barrels will be taken on freight on board the schooner Alert, now loading for St. Bartholomews, or Barbadoes if permitted after the 23d instant. Apply to

G. Coleman.

April 17.

Plaster Paris and Clover Seed.

Landing from the Schooner Hero, Captain Pierce,

A quantity of Plaster of Paris and Clover Seed.

ALSO,

13 hds. molasses
30 bbls N. E. rum
40 do. apples
2 pipes Lisbon wine

For sale by
John G. Ladd.

April 2.

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Offers for sale the following articles, wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt
30000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags
5000 Coshen Cheese, of excellent quality in casks

1000 New England do. do.
200 bbls. of Herring, Shad and Mackarel
20 tons Plaster Paris
20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton.

10 hds. Jamaica, Antigua and Demarara Rum
4 pipes French and ditto Brandy
15 hds. Muscovado Sugar
20 bbls. do. do. different qualities

2 hds. Copperas
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin, Madeira, Claret, and Catalonia

Holland and Country Gin
New England Rum in hds and bbls.
Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.
Martique Cordials, in boxes

Loaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey per gallon, Pigblus.

Molasses in hds. Spanish Flotant Indigo, Spanish Claret, Butter,

Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in kegs,
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento, Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dipt Candles,

Malaga Raisins in boxes,
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,
Hingham box's, Hamilton's Garrett's and Leiper's Sauff in bottles.

London and Philadelphia Mustard, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c.

ALSO,
A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and 30 hds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco.

Bryan Hampson, & Co.

Have just received and offer for sale,

15 hds. first quality New Orleans sugar.
30 bales Upland Georgia cotton
5 hds. Jamaica and Antigua rum.

15 do New England do.
15 hds. first quality molasses.
10 tierces rice.

500 lbs. Bengal Indigo.
400 do. Flotant do.
15 bags heavy pepper.

15 do. pimento.
10 boxes best Albany chocolate.
30 do. Bakers do.

30 qr. casks Malaga wine.
300 reams writing and wrapping paper.

AND ON HAND,

London particular Madeira
Do. do. Teneriffe
Sherry
Sticky, Madeira & Port

All of the first quality in pipes and quarter casks.

Imperial
Hyson
Young Hyson
and
Hyson Skin

30,000 lbs. green coffee in bags, and a general assortment of all kinds of groceries.

Selected flour for family use,
March 24;

Mrs. LANPHIER,

Respectfully informs her Customers, and the Public in general,

That she has just returned from Philadelphia with a handsome assortment of

MILLINERY,

Which will be opened to-day (—) but from the great difficulty of procuring these kind of goods, is obliged to call for ready money.

April 24.

Lost, on Saturday last,

A CHECK on the Bank of Potomac, for one hundred and twenty-five dollars, drawn by the subscriber in favor of Messrs. Wilson and Higgins, payment having been stopped at the Bank it can be of no use to any person but the owner, to whom the finder is requested to return it.

Thomas Rahud De Valangen.
April 24.

Advertisement.

By virtue of a deed of trust from John Potts and Elizabeth his wife to the subscriber, will be sold by public auction, on Saturday the 31st of April next, to the highest bidder, on the premises, sundry Lots or pieces of Ground, situated on Water, Union, and Cameron streets, in the town of Alexandria. A credit of six, twelve and eighteen months will be given to the purchasers, they giving their notes with approved endorers, and negotiable in the bank of Alexandria for the several instalments and a lien on the property as a further security.

Ludwell Lee, Trustee.
March 29.

The sale of the above property is postponed until Wednesday next.

April 23.

A NEW NOVEL.

COTTON STEWART;
Price 1 Dollar.

GLENCARN;
OR
THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH;
A NOVEL.

By GEORGE WATERSTON, Esq.
OF WARRINGTON CITY,
Author of the Lawyer and Child of Feeling.

The celebrity of this author's "LAWYER," and "CHILD OF FEELING" has induced the publishers to engage in this work, and without detracting from the merits of the former, feel themselves justified in saying that his GLENCARN is superior to either.

It is submitted without further recommendation, with a wish, that the American reviewers may give further encouragement to this young gentleman's endeavors to entertain, instruct and moralize his fellow citizens, in a way seemingly well calculated to attract their attention.

Feb. 8.

Two Hundred Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber, living at Mill-on, King George county, Virginia, on the 13d ultimo,

A BRIGHT mulatto man, named GARY,

about 21 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, well, though not very stout made, a very light mulatto, grey eyes, dark hair and whiskers neatly cut, being an excellent barber and accustomed as a waiter all his life, when spoken to abruptly he much addicted to stuttering—had on when he absconded, a blue round jacket with red cape and pantaloons of cloth, Suvarrow boots, white hat, and black handkerchief about his neck—it is probable he will change his dress as he has a variety of good clothing with him. Having gone off without any provocation, I have some reason to believe this fellow is making his way to Baltimore or Philadelphia, with an expectation of imposing himself as a free man. If he is secured in either of these cities, or any other, or if he is seen in the state of Virginia, or Maryland, or the district of Columbia, I will give Two Hundred Dollars Reward, if secured on the 1st of June next, or on the 1st of July next.

Cadwalader & Dade.

April 24.

For a list of names and others, see advertisement in the paper of the 24th inst.

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal Street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 8 Dollars.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21.

Extract of a letter from Hilary Baker, su-
percargo of the brig *Bliss*, dated Fayal
March 30, 1810.

"We left the capes of Delaware at two
o'clock P. M. on the 21st of Feb. with
a stiff breeze from N. W. and got a good
offing before night. When a few days out
we were becalmed for thirty six hours, after
which it blew a gale, attended with rain,
hail and excessive cold, till the 7th March;
on that day the wind blew so violently that
we lay to under our trisail. On the morn-
ing of the 8th the trisail split and blew a-
way. The brig lay under bare poles—at
half past seven o'clock A. M. in lat. 43,
N. long. 45 W. was struck by a sea from
starboard, which threw her on her beam
ends, washed captain Moody overboard,
carried away her long boat, jolly boat, wa-
ter casks and tool chests, fore scuttle, main
scudding sail, trisail, mast and gaff, part
of the companion top, five of the quarter
stanchions, all the quarter-boards, the sky
light, the tiller, the hen coops, in short ev-
ery thing from on deck, and unshipped the
camboose. Mr. Briard who took the com-
mand evinced great firmness and presence
of mind. By his exertions we suc-
ceeded in rigging a piece of a spar for a
tiller, which enabled the brig to head the
sea, and in about two hours, both pumps
going, we had the satisfaction to find her
free from water. The blow she received
considerably shattered her hull, and caused
her to leak a good spell every hour. The
fore scuttle was secured with canvass, and
were obliged to receive the people into the
cabin, which was situated from the
wind, but to the water we were always ex-
posed.

It is not my intention to enlarge upon
our sufferings, yet it may not be improper
to observe that the cabin, having been half
filled with water, did not contain one inch
of any thing dry; that all our liquors
were destroyed, that all our wood except
what was in cargo, went with the long boat,
and that, of consequence we were nine
days wet, cold, and without any thing warm
—the greater part of the time without any
thing cooked to eat, except on one occasion
when we made a fire of the shattered re-
mains of our table and procured a little
warm tea. After the fear of immediate de-
struction had given place to a hope of delay
of our fate, it required very little consid-
eration to determine us to make the best of
our way to the Azores, as the nearest land,
after laying to for several days, in the
course of which we lost our main topmast,
with sails and running rigging attached, &
were near losing our rudder, the nails hav-
ing worked out of two of the irons, we set
our foresail and sailed hither.

On the morning of the 17th we very un-
expectedly saw this island, and about ele-
ven o'clock the same day we anchored in
the roads. Immediately on our arrival,
John B. Dabney, Esquire, the American
consul, furnished us with assistance from
the shore, and has continued to behave in
the most hospitable and friendly manner.—
Until Monday nothing could be done, ow-
ing to the violence of the wind and surf—
the brig was then warped nearer in-shore
and securely moored with five cables and
anchors, and surveyed. The hurricane had
reached this place and raged for 4 weeks,
with a violence unprecedented in the me-
mory of the oldest inhabitants. About 12
sail of American vessels parted their cab-
les and went to sea, some without bow-

sprits, others without water. Few have
yet returned, and apprehensions are felt
that many are lost.

From the *Virginian Patriot*.

OUR RELATIONS WITH FRANCE.

Some of the democratic priests assert that
we have no existing commercial treaty with
France, it having expired some months
since by special limitation.

Admitting the fact as here stated—for I
have not the treaty by me at present—the
question immediately occurs: why has the
expiration of this treaty been so cautiously
kept out of view? If the treaty really has
expired, why has not the circumstance been
officially and publicly noticed, in order that
as many of our merchants might not, un-
der the supposition and relying upon the
faith of an existing treaty, risk their im-
mense adventures in the ports of an ene-
my? Why were they suffered to go with
the most unsuspecting confidence, into the
very den of the lion, without being warned
that the chains of the monster were knock-
ed off and that they were in danger of pay-
ing for their temerity? Certainly our go-
vernment ought to be able to account for
this negligence. Millions of our property
have lately been confiscated in ports under
the control of Napoleon. A considerable
portion of it indeed, has been carried thither
under capture from French cruisers; but no
trifling share of it arrived there in the
regular routine of friendly commercial
intercourse. Were those merchants who
sent it aware that the treaty between the
two countries had expired? If they were,
they owe no thanks to our government for
the knowledge.

The whole of our affairs with France are
wrapped in mystery and uncertainty. No-
thing is suffered to transpire, except now
and then a sort of demi-official paragraph in
the *Intelligencer*, made up to suit an elec-
tioneering purpose, sent into the world
without responsibility, and left to have its
effect upon the popular feeling, without af-
fording a possibility of detecting its false-
hood. Vessel after vessel is sent to that
country with despatches—answers we are
told are received to those despatches, but
what those answers are we are not per-
mitted to know. Government tells us noth-
ing about them.—And as we are not
Scotchmen, gifted with second sight, nor
rogues, who, like *Duane* can bribe a clerk,
to give us a sight of public documents, we
are compelled to remain in ignorance. The
circumstance which executive guggling
could not conceal, must open the eyes of
the most wilfully blind, to our real situation
—it must convince every candid mind
not only that Napoleon is our most dan-
gerous and determined foe; but that the poi-
son of French influence has seized the very
vitals of our government.

And how are we made acquainted with
this confiscation? Does the president or
secretary of state give us the intelligence—
or does it come through the medium of a
despatch from our patriotic minister at the
court of St. Cloud? No: the only infor-
mation we are allowed upon the subject is
from private letters.—What a pity it is
that "our king Napoleon," has not already
destroyed the liberty of the press in this
country as well as in France, and we should
then most probably have heard nothing at
all about it!

Out of power, the maxim of the demo-
crats was—that republics should have no
secrets. But in power, their practice has
been to have every thing a secret which it
did not suit their interest or their conveni-
ence to reveal. Every one will recollect the
hue and cry which was raised upon this
subject in federal times. But there has
been more cautious work, more closed door
sessions, and more cabinet secrets in one
year of democracy, than there was in the
whole twelve years of federalism. Did fed-
eralists nominate a president in caucus;
did a federal foreign minister ever write
private official letters upon public affairs;
or did a federal administration keep the
state of your relations with a foreign power,
for years, a profound secret, and at the
same time circulate false reports respecting
those relations, in the form of semi-official
paragraphs in the ministerial newspapers?

All this, however, has been and con-
tinues to be done with the greatest impunity,
by our democratic rulers.

It will be recollected that an extract from
a London paper, given in our last, speaks
with confidence of the nature of certain
despatches from the French government in-
tercepted by the British, and said in the
extract, to have been submitted to our mi-
nister, Mr. Pinkney, and those despatches
were stated to contain a commercial treaty
arranged by Armstrong and Champagny—
Will any one believe that our government

have not, long ere this received a copy of
this treaty, either from Paris or from Lon-
don? And if they have what has become
of it? Or have our treaties also, like the
despatches of our foreign ministers, become
so private that they are to be locked up
like love letters, as you hallowed to be seen
by any but the enamoured swain and his
Dulcinea?

Seriously speaking, the affairs of this na-
tion with France, have long been conducted
in such a manner, as justly to excite the
most serious suspicions against either the
wisdom or the purity of our government;
and it is time the people should demand and
receive a satisfactory explanation of the mo-
tives which have led to this extraordinary
course of procedure.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, April 20.

The Speaker laid before the house the fol-
lowing letter, which was read:

Washington, April 19, 1810.

SIR, AFTER a tedious passage from New
Orleans, I arrived at Baltimore on the 16th
instant, and reached this city the next day.
My absence has been necessarily protracted
by the selection of papers from a mass of
twenty years' accumulation, for the establish-
ment of fact, to refute the multifarious and
diversified calumnies by which I have been
assailed.

I now present myself to the representa-
tive body of the nation, the guardians of the
public weal and the protectors of individual
rights, to express my earnest desire that they
may constitute some impartial tribunal
which may be governed with strictness by
the principles of the constitution and the
laws of evidence, to investigate the conduct
of my whole life, civil and military, where-
by justice may be done and my unexampled
persecution be terminated.

I aver my innocence of the foul offences
which are imputed to me and declare my ab-
solute inability to support it before any unprejudiced
court.—Through you, sir, I appeal to my
country, and I claim that right which is not
refused to the most profligate—the right of
confronting my accusers. The representa-
tives of the people will, I am persuaded
suffer a fellow-citizen who has been devoted
to the public service more than twenty
five years, and has nothing left him but
his native country, to sue in vain for justice.

The enclosed letter to the secretary of
war was written anterior to the receipt of
my notification of recall from command on
the Mississippi, and will evince my readi-
ness and my desire for a full investigation
of my conduct.

With perfect respect,

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

JA: WILKINSON.

The hon. J. B. Varnum, Esq.

Speaker of the house of representatives.

Columbia Spring,

October 18, 1810.

SIR, HAVING received information that
certain imputations have been alleged a-
gainst me by the late captain George Peter
and certain subalterns in office, which are
calculated to affect my character as a mili-
tary officer, it is my earnest desire that a
court of enquiry should be ordered to ex-
amine into my conduct from the commence-
ment of my military service, with injunc-
tions to report an opinion. Or should my
enemies have been hardy enough to prefer
formal charges against me, which are de-
emed worthy of investigation, that an arrest
may ensue and a general court martial be
appointed for my trial.

In making this request I am moved by a
consciousness of my integrity, by a sacred
regard to my character, and the self-con-
viction that I have served my country with
zeal and fidelity, and that I have never de-
ceived it; disclaiming at the same time all
advantages to be derived from any act or
clause of limitation.

But as this has been the theatre of my
command, generally, for eleven years past,
as my companions in service and the evi-
dence of my conduct, (many of whom have
retired to the walks of private life) are now
in this country, it will be impossible for me
to command at any distant point the testi-
mony necessary to rebut the fictions of
falsehoods of my enemies, or to illustrate
my humble services as a public officer: I
therefore hope the request may not be
deemed an unreasonable one, that the en-
quiry or court martial should be held at
some military post within this territory:

the more particularly as the main body of
the army is here, and a suitable court can
be formed with more convenience to indi-
viduals who may compose it, and the ex-
pense to the public.

A general officer to relieve me from com-
mand, and to preside at the enquiry, will
be the only person necessary to be ordered
out; and, under the circumstances, I flatter
myself no gentleman in commission will
deem this duty a hardship.

With perfect respect,

I am, &c.

JA: WILKINSON.

The Hon. Secretary of War.

Mr. Randolph, from the committee to
whom was referred the resolution respect-
ing the reduction of the naval establish-
ment, reported the following bill, which
was twice read and referred to a committee
of the whole:

**A Bill to reduce the Naval Establishment of
the United States.**

BE it enacted by the Senate and House
of Representatives of the United States of
America, in Congress assembled, That the
naval establishment of the United States
shall be and the same hereby is reduced in
the manner following:

It shall be the duty of the secretary of
the treasury, under the direction of the
President of the United States, to proceed
to sell all the gun-boats in the service of the
United States, with their tackle and appa-
rel: *Provided*, That the guns and other
warlike equipments of said gun-boats shall
be retained and preserved.

It shall be the further duty of the said se-
cretary, under the direction aforesaid, to
cause to be sold, all the frigates of the U.
States, (three only excepted, which the pre-
sident shall designate,) with their tackle
and apparel, guns and warlike equipments
excepted, which shall be retained and pre-
served.

It shall be the further duty of the said se-
cretary, under the direction aforesaid, so
cause to be sold all the other armed vessels
of the United States, (three only excepted,
which the president shall designate,) with
their tackle and apparel, guns and warlike
equipments excepted, which shall be re-
tained and preserved.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That
the officers and seamen now in the service
of the United States shall be and they here-
by are discharged from the said service,
such number only excepted as may be suf-
ficient to officer and man the ships of war re-
tained in the public service, in virtue of the
preceding section: *Provided*, That to each
officer and seaman who shall be discharged
by virtue of this act, there shall be allowed
and paid, in addition to the sum to which
they will be entitled at the time of such
discharge,

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That
from and after the day of
next, the several navy yards of the United
States (those at Boston New York and Nor-
folk only excepted) shall be disused, and
all the expenses incident to the same shall
cease and determine: *Provided*, That the
secretary of the navy be, and he hereby is
authorised to employ some discreet person,
in each navy yard so disused and discuti-
tuted, at a rate of compensation not exceed-
ing one dollar per day, to take care of the
buildings, enclosures and public property
on the same.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That
from and after the passing of this act, the
marine corps shall consist of two compa-
nies only of men, one captain
and three subalterns each: *Provided*, That
to each officer and marine, who shall be
discharged by virtue of this act, there shall
be allowed and paid, in addition to the sum
to which they will be entitled at the time of
their discharge,

Public Sale.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of
trust to him from Mr. William Hodgson, dated
on the 10th day of November, in the year
1808, for the purpose of indemnifying Mr.
John Hopkins—will, on FRIDAY, the 27th
April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock
of that day, if fair; if not, on the next fair day
at the same hour, proceed to sell, at the
court-house, in Alexandria, at public auc-
tion, to the highest bidder, for ready money
three thousand acres of LAND, situate on
the left fork of Big Sandy Creek, which
land was, at the time of the grant for the
same, in the county of Montgallia, in the
state of Virginia.

The above tract of land was granted by
the state of Virginia, to John Allison by three
several patents containing respectively one
thousand acres, and bearing date on the first
day of October, 1784, which land has been
since duly conveyed to the said William
Hodgson by deed dated 2d of August, 1790.

Edmund J. Lee, Trustee.

Nov. 27.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23.

Democratic parties in New York.—A democratic print calculates on the re-election of governor Tompkins in the state of New York, because, "The sound of discord is hushed among the republicans. Lewisites, Madisonians, Clintonians, &c. are moving together."

No wonder the writer was obliged to sum up his list of the republican parties in that state with an "et cetera;" for it would really have puzzled him to have specified them all.

I cannot help thinking that it is a little curious, that among such good republicans, such genuine and exclusive patriots, there should have been so many divisions, and all of them from disinterested motives. Don't be alarmed, gentlemen; I do not mean to say that you care more for these of the public; because nobody can suspect you of such meanness as that. I do not mean to say that after you had tied yourselves into power and got the "loaves and fishes" under your own control, you quarrelled among yourselves about the division of the spoil, and abused each other like so many pick-pockets; for "you are all, all honorable men," and doubtless, cannot be so selfish as to let 12,000 dollars a year make you quarrel for a mayorship, or fifteen thousand a year for clerkship of the supreme court. Nor do I mean to insinuate that the loss of these offices and their paltry emoluments, through the triumphs of the federalists, and a wish to be again in the enjoyment of them, has had more influence than patriotism in producing your reunion: neither shall I say (notwithstanding the "awful squinting" of certain facts to that purpose,) that Morgan Lewis has been bribed into the measure, by being put in nomination for the office of a senator.

Undoubtedly all these parties are good disinterested republicans; undoubtedly it was nothing but patriotism that caused their late divisions; undoubtedly self-interest has no share in producing their reunion; but still, as the Strasburg Centinel said of the stranger's big nose; "his strange—his very strange?" (Ind. American.)

"The Tories!" "The Tories?"

The following unquestionable facts are stated by a writer in the (N. Y.) Orange county Patriot.

"Revolutionary officers, whose white hairs and scarred bodies, bear testimony to their hard duty in the service of their country, have been branded with the name of TOBY, by young men who were not quick in their mother's wombs—when the persons, they stigmatize, were exposing their bodies to the British bayonet. Men who have not resided five years in the country, have been often heard to vent the epithets of TOBY and BRITISH PARTIZAN, against those veteran soldiers who, when England was endeavoring to rivet her chains on us, stood in the breach, and faced the flash of the British cannon. The term has been applied to men who marched at the side of Washington, in the most disastrous days of our dubious warfare—against men who in the face of a superior army, without cloathing, in the hour of tribulation, and in the moment of peril, breasted the shock of war, and stood unappalled amidst the din of battle. Against men, equally superior to British violence and British corruption.

"The author of these remarks has heard the polls of an election in New York, Edward Dunscomb, an old American officer, allied to by a boy of sixteen. He has heard, in what is misnamed a republican party, a baker, who during the war was a sergeant in the British army, singing the praises of liberty, and challenging men for riches, whose ancestors died fighting by the side of Washington, on the plains of Monmouth, and under Green at Eutaw."

By the William, at Boston, 18 days from Havana—markets dull when he left Havana. Lumber 18 dollars; flour 17 to 18, duties on which, 50; fish 10 to 12. A large English ship of about four hundred tons, under convoy of a sloop of war, from Jamaica, with a full cargo of sugar, rum, & coffee, called the Elington, of London, was lost near the Merco, and but very little of her cargo saved. She was supposed to be worth forty thousand pounds sterling.

Prices at Naples, Dec. 20.—Cocoa Caracac 57 cents; coffee green 50 do; cod-fish \$14 50 per quintal; indigo 6 95 per lb; pepper 46 cents; sugar Hav. white \$46 82 per C; tobacco 30 44 per C; log-wood \$515 per ton; brandy 37 cents per gallon.

At Tonningen Feb. 3, prices merely nominal.

Important considerations.—The intelligence by the Juno, may be considered highly interesting, as far as relates to the future destiny of America, as well as to that of the European world. Such changes in affairs of principal states in Europe have occurred, as entirely to alter the situation of the Globe.

The union of the family of Bonapartes with the house of Austria, is an event of such primary importance, that it cannot be paralleled in the history of Europe. By this event Napoleon cements more strongly the bonds of control, by which he has hitherto forced the continent to obey his mandates. The great check to the consummation of his continental power is thus rendered void, and Russia pressed by Turkey on the one hand, and Austria and France on the other, will become, comparatively unimportant in the scale of nations. The project of universal empire seems now to be more than a dream. France, Italy, Holland, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Spain, Poland, Germany and Portugal, we fear, will all be involved in the vortex of one man's power. America will then present three distinct empires, the Spanish, the Portuguese, the anglo-American empires. An interesting question forcibly presents itself to the consideration of every man "What is to resist the extension of this gigantic power across the Atlantic?" We answer the English navy! It is from a consideration of self-existence that we should deprecate the downfall of England in her present struggle. Destroy her navy, and our disputes about the colonial trade, the impressment of seamen, and the Chesapeake will probably subside; but what will then become of our liberty, and our riches, our spirit of enterprise and enjoyment of peace? The unhappy princes of Europe may now, with Coriolanus turn their backs upon their territories, and exclaim, "there is a world else where;" but destroy the navy and there is no safety in ideal, the ir new world will be as rotten and unsure under their feet as their European territories has been.

The evident interest of the commercial countries will be to commence such a system of friendship towards each other, as to present the most formidable obstacles to the further aggrandizement of Napoleon, and commence such a system of trade, as may perpetuate those obstacles. It will at once become evident to Alexander, that he has been the dupe of Napoleon; and his passions as well as the interests of his empire, will require him to cultivate a community of interest with Great Britain. All the Spaniards and Portuguese, who can escape to America, will form settlements in Brazil and Mexico, and probably unite in the general system of commerce. England, considering the great and increasing dangers which threaten to destroy her commerce, will be forced, by her interest, to treat with the United States upon a basis of mutual safety, and commercial prosperity. By means like these, the British navy can be maintained, and thus an impregnable barrier is opposed to the gigantic hostility of Napoleon in America.

As to any future hopes of continental resistance, they must be founded upon vague contingencies and remote probabilities. G. Britain, and the commercial powers must depend upon their own exertions, for the maintenance of their prosperity and happiness. [Boston Gaz.]

Port of Alexandria.

ENTERED,

Schr. Friendship, Drinkwater, Portland, sundries, to Lawraon and Fowle.

Hope, Parker, Norfolk, sundries to Newton Keene.

Venelia, Stanwood, Newport, do. to master.

Harriott, Bowie, Baltimore—Spring Goods, different merchants.

CLEARED,

Schr. Rising States, Thomson, N. York—by Van Zandt, and others.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, April 24.

[Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.]

Leave of absence was obtained for Mr. Swoop from Saturday, and for Mr. Stephenson from this day.

Mr. Root having obtained leave of absence, asked to be discharged from the committee appointed to enquire into the conduct of Gen. Wilkinson. The request was granted, and another appointed in his room.

Mr. Root also moved to have Gen. Wilkinson's letter to the speaker, referred to the committee of enquiry.

This motion produced a desultory debate of some length. Mr. Root withdrew the motion, and Mr. Rhea, (Ten.) moved to refer the letter to the secretary at war.

Messrs. Taylor, Tallmadge, & Key, spoke against the motion. Mr. Pierson also opposed the reference, and stated the proceedings of the committee of enquiry and the reasons why Gen. Wilkinson had not been called before that committee. On motion of Mr. Chalmers the whole subject was laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Randolph, the house went into committee of the whole, on the bill to reduce the naval establishment of the U. States.—Mr. PIERCE in the chair.

Mr. Kim moved to amend the bill so as, to authorize the sale of all the gun-boats belonging to the U. States, which are unfit for service and unworthy of repair. This amendment was carried.

Mr. Key moved to amend so as to authorize the president to cause to be laid up in ordinary all the frigates, except three, instead of selling them.

Mr. Rhea (Ten.) moved to strike out all that part of the bill which authorizes the sale of the frigates and other armed vessels. This motion superceded that of Mr. Key.

Messrs. Dana, Bassett and Boyd spoke in favor of striking out, and Messrs. Mason and Standford against it. The question on striking out was taken and carried 61 to 25.

Mr. Smilie then moved to insert an amendment to authorize the President to keep in actual service such of the frigates and other armed vessels as he shall think proper, and to lay up the remainder in ordinary in convenient ports, provided the number of men shall not exceed the number allowed by the act for the military peace establishment, passed the 21st of April, 1806.

NOTICE.

THE citizens of Alexandria are requested to make out a list of their real estate, the street it is situated upon, together with an account of their taxable property, consisting of all male tythables sixteen years and upwards, all their horses, cows, waggons, carts, drays, two wheel carriages, four wheel carriages, male and female dogs; and hand the same to

Richard Lewis, or
George Corryell,

Alexandria.

April 4.

eo8w

Extra from a Law of the Corporation.

AND if any master or mistress of a family or any owner of taxable property, shall neglect or refuse to give in a list of all male tythables, belong to; or residing in his or her family; or of all his or her taxable property, within five days after demand made thereof by any assessor, the person so offending shall forfeit and pay one hundred dollars. And if any person whatsoever shall wilfully omit or misrepresent in the list given in, any tythable, or any taxable property, or shall in any other manner conceal the same from the knowledge of the assessors, the person so offending shall forfeit and pay double the amount of the tax imposed on such tythable or taxable property. Every merchant, shop keeper, mechanic, or other person, having in his or her service or employment any clerk, journeyman, apprentice, or assistant, shall render an account of the same in his or her list of tythables, and shall be accountable for the capitation tax hereby imposed, in like manner and under the same penalties, as if such clerk, journeyman, apprentice, or assistant, were a member of his or her family.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the Treasurer of the Little River Turnpike Company, for a renewal of three Certificates of Shares in said Company, numbered 159, 160, and 161—lost or mislaid—which Certificates were originally issued in the name of David Stewart, Esq.

George Carter.

April 21.

law4w

FOUND.

A BROWN HORSE, CONTAINING a Breast Pin, a Lock of Hair, and several small moneys. The owner may have it again by applying to the Printer, and paying the cost of this advertisement.

April 21.

Union College Lottery.

Commenced drawing on Tuesday last in the city of New York. Only two days remaining will take place this week in consequence of the election; after which 5000 tickets will be drawn each week until finished. Warranted undrawn tickets given for prizes as soon as drawn. Present price of tickets 12 dollars.

For sale by

Robert Gray.

April 25.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders in the Great Hanging Creek Bridge-Company, are hereby notified that an election will be held, at Mr. Sharp's tavern, near the bridge, on Monday the 14th May next, at 3 o'clock, p. m. for the purpose of electing five Directors to serve the said Company for the ensuing year.

By order,

John Hooff, Sec'y.

April 25.

221 eoto

To Journeymen Shoemakers.

WANTED.

A number of Journeymen Shoemakers, to make strong shoes, to whom good encouragement will be given. Those who live out of the city can get work by the quantity by giving security for the safe delivery of the work made to the satisfaction of

John Minchin,

New Jersey Avenue.

Washington City,

April 25.

District of Columbia, Alex'a. County,

April 7, 1810.

WAS committed to the jail of the said county, as a run away, a Negro boy who calls himself

S A M.

and says he is the property of Mrs. T. Mason of Prince William county; and that he was hired to a Mr. Gray of said county. He is about 14 or 15 years of age; about made; had on a grey jacket and cotton trowsers.

The owner is requested to come and prove his or her property, pay charges and take him away: Otherwise, he will be disposed of as the law directs.

Jas. Campbell, Jailor.

April 25.

law 3m.

Just Received and for Sale by the Subscriber,

42 tierces New Rice,
14 bales prime Georgia Cotton,
16 do inferior quality do;
19 hds first quality retailing Molasses,
A few chests Hyson and Young Hyson Tea, and
190 barrels Suffolk Tar.

Newton Keene.

April 19.

COAN LAND for sale.

SIX hundred and six acres of valuable low grounds, a great proportion of which is mixed with oyster shells, situated upon the banks of Coan river, in the county of Northumberland, late the property of S. Ball, Esquire, and is equally distant from Baltimore, Norfolk and Alexandria.

COAN abounds in fine fish, oysters, and wild fowl of every description in their respective seasons—and the estate is a very desirable one. But a small part of the purchase money will be required to be paid at the time of purchase. For further particulars enquiries may be addressed to the subscriber, who requests that the postage on such letters may be paid.

George Carter.

Oatlands, near Leesburg,

April 19.

Just Published and for Sale

At the Book-Stores of Robert Gray, James Kennedy, sen. and Cotton & Stewart, and at the office of the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

—(PRICE THREE-FIVE CENTS).—

AN

ORATION

ON
THE BIRTH OF WASHINGTON,
DELIVERED BEFORE THE WASHINGTON SOCIETY OF ALEXANDRIA,

BY
ROBERT GOODLOE HANPER, ESQ.
ONE OF ITS MEMBERS.

ON THE
22d FEBRUARY, 1810,
AND PUBLISHED AT ITS ORDER.

FOR SALE.

A likely NEGRO BOY, about 12 years of age. Apply to the Printer.
April 19.

ROBERT GRAY,
Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, has late-
ly received for sale,
Guthrie's geographical, historical and com-
mercial Geography, 2 vols. octavo, five dol-
lars 50 cents.
Mrs. Warren's history of the American
Revolution, 3 volumes, octavo, seven dollars
50 cents.
Russett's Ancient Europe, 2 volumes, oc-
tavo, six dollars.
Ditto, Modern Ditto, 5 volumes, sheep,
fourteen dollars.
The Plays of William Shakespeare, with
the corrections and illustrations of various
commentators: to which are added notes by
Samuel Johnson and George Stephens: re-
vised and augmented by Isaac Reed, Esq.
with a glossarial index, 17 volumes, calf,
thirty four dollars.
The Works of the Reverend Jonathan Ed-
wards, minister of the gospel in Northamp-
ton, Massachusetts, and afterwards president
of the college in New Jersey, 8 volumes,
eighteen dollars.
Powden's History of Ireland, 5 volumes,
fifteen dollars.
Smollet's History of England, 4 volumes,
ten dollars.
The geographical, natural and civil history
of Chili, 2 volumes, octavo, five dollars.
The Annual Register, volume 3d, three
dollars twenty five cents.
Tucker's Blackstone, 5 volumes, twenty-
five dollars.
Bosquet and Pullie's Reports, volume 5,
new five. five dollars.
Cruise's Digest of the Laws of England,
respecting real property, 5 volumes, twenty-
five dollars.
Borrow's Reports, 5 volumes, twenty da.
Winterbotham's America, 4 volumes, calf,
fifteen dollars.
East's Reports, volume 9th, five dollars.
Cranch's Reports, volume 4th, five dol-
lars.
Johnson's Reports, 3 volumes, eighteen
dollars.
Dallas's Reports, 4 volumes, twenty dol-
lars.
Revised Code, Virginia laws, 2 volumes,
fourteen dollars.
Parents' Assistant, by Miss Edgeworth,
3 volumes, two dollars fifty cents.
Tales of Fashionable Life, by ditto, 2 vo-
lumes, two dollars fifty cents.
Dr. Rees's Cyclopaedia, volume 12th, part
first. Subscribers will please send for their
copies.
Bell's Surgery, 4 volumes, fourteen dol-
lars.
Clarkson's Pertratum of Quakerism, 3 vo-
lumes, four dollars.
Chopral's Chemistry, by Woodhouse, 2
volumes, four dollars seventy five cents.
Lavoisier's Chemistry, three dollars fifty
cents.
Lewis's Materia Medica, two volumes,
four dollars fifty cents.
Wilson on febrile diseases, 2 volumes, six
dollars.
Willick's Lecture on Diet and Regime,
London edition, three dollars seventy five
cents.
Hunter on the blood, 2 volumes, 4 dollars.
Beauties of Nature and Art, 14 volumes,
bound, seventeen dollars fifty cents.
Motherby's Medical Dictionary, London
edition, calf, twenty two dollars.
Burkit's exposition of the New Testament,
eight dollars twenty five cents.
Two elegant patent London made Piano
Fortes, with additional keys to C and Pe-
dal, two hundred and twenty dollars.
A few violins of a superior quality, violon-
cellos, strings, bridge, screws and baws.
classified rosin clarinets, hautboys, German
flutes, flutes, drums and trumpets, two ele-
gant ebony French flagelets, and instruction
for flagelet, fife, flutes and violin, &c.
Writing and letter paper, drawing and lo-
paper, quills, wafers, inkpowder, Walker's
best for records, ink stands, sand boxes,
slates, pencils, &c. &c.
April 1st.
Just received by JAMES KENNEDY,
sen. Bookseller, King street,
The Life of Thomas Paine, by James
Graham.
Walsh's Letters on the Genius and Dis-
position of the French government.
Tales of Fashionable Life, by Miss Edge-
worth.
The Parent's Assistant, or Tales for Chil-
dren, by ditto.
Don Sebastian, or the house of Braganza
an historical Romance, by Miss Porter.
William Tell, or Switzerland delivered,
an historical tale, by the celebrated Florian.
The life of Petrarch, by Mrs. Dobson.
The Yankee in London.
The works of Mrs. Chapman.
Copper's poems and task, a beautiful mi-
niature edition, elegant.
Scott's Marmion, do. do.
Junius's Letters, do. do.
Mrs. Bryan's conversations on chymistry.
Berthollet's researches into the laws of
chymical affinity.
The London dissection, or system of dis-
section practised in the hospitals and lecture-
rooms of the metropolis.
March 22.

DOCTOR B. FENDALL,
Regular bred Surgeon Dentist,
AND who has been in practice for near
thirty years, has just arrived in A-
lexandria, and may be seen and consulted at
Brook's tavern, at any time during his con-
tinuance in it. The earlier applications are
made to the Doctor by those who feel dispo-
sed to employ him as a Dentist the better, as
his continuance in Alexandria is very uncer-
tain. Those ladies and gentlemen, in Alex-
andria, who find it inconvenient to wait on
the Doctor, he will readily attend, on the
shortest notice.
Dr. Fendall cures the scurry in the gums,
be it ever so inveterate, in a short time,
twenty four hours at farthest; fastens loose
teeth by making the gums grow up to them,
renders the teeth white and beautiful; pre-
vents their decay; keeps such as are so from
becoming worse, even to old age; fills up
those that are hollow with gold, with soil
or lead which will not only render them use-
ful, but prevent their aching and further de-
cay; extracts teeth and stumps with ease;
makes and fixes artificial teeth. His *Colum-
bian Antiseptic Dentifrice*, for preserving
the teeth, gums, sockets, &c. and superior he
thinks, both in elegance and efficacy to any
other, is still sold by the doctor.
March 9 2aw1m

Public Sale.
On TUESDAY, the first of May, at twelve
o'clock, by virtue of a deed of trust from
William Hartshorne to the subscribers, they
will proceed to sell, for ready money, on
the wharf known by the name of Kirk's
wharf,
A Lease of said Wharf with
the Buildings thereon, for the term of three
years and four months from the first of May,
1810, subject to an annual rent of five hun-
dred dollars, payable quarterly yearly, the pur-
chaser to have the privilege of removing the
several buildings at the expiration of the
lease on the first of September, 1813.
At the same time and place will be sold,
A Lease of the frame Ware-
house, on Hoos's wharf, for the term of one
year and five and a half months, and subject
to an annual rent of one hundred and fifty
dollars, with the privilege of removing the
buildings at the expiration of the lease, and
also the privilege of the wharf and dock—
AND FURTHER,
The fee-simple Estate in a
square of ground situate on Duke street, and
bounded by Fayette, Payne and Wolfe lanes,
subject to an annuity of three hundred dol-
lars, to Sarah Hartshorne & Rachael Hartsh-
orne, during their natural lives, and to the
longest liver of them, payable yearly and e-
very year, on the first day of October in each
year. On this square is a frame dwelling
now in the tenure of Charles L. Nevitt.
John Roberts.
Thomas Vowell.
April 11. eo9t

FOR RENT
THE DWELLING HOUSE in which
I now reside, at the corner of Fairfax
and Queen streets—The Ware-House part
of the tenement I shall retain the use of—
To a good tenant it will be let at a very mo-
derate rent. Possession may be had in two
or three weeks.
Cuthbert Powell.
April 5 co

VIRGINIA.
At a Superior Court of Chancery holden in
Richmond, the 28th day of Feb. 1810:
John Smith, plaintiff,
against
Elisha Janney, Jacob Janney,
Philip Care, Bernard Hooe,
junior, Philip Slaughtor, and
Fleming Bates, defendants.
AND
Jacob Weaver, plaintiff,
against
Elisha Janney, Bernard Hooe,
junior, and Philip Care, defendants.
On motion of the defendant,
Elisha Janney, by counsel, the court doth ap-
point RICHARD M. SCOTT, receiver of the
monies, debts and effects of the said defend-
ant Elisha Janney attached in the hands of
the other defendants, upon the said Richard
M. Scott's entering into bond, with security
in the penalty of four thousand dollars, with
condition that the said monies, debts and ef-
fects, which may come into his hands in vir-
tue of this order, shall be forthcoming, and
subject to the order of the court—
And the court doth order, that, on such se-
curity being given, the said attachments
stand discharged as an act of this day.
A Copy.
Teate.
P. Tinsley, c. c.
I do certify that Richard M. Scott has gi-
ven the bond and security required by the a-
bove order. Certified this 30th day of March,
1810.
P. Tinsley.
April 7 2aw6t

FOR RENT,
A VERY convenient and comfortable
DWELLING HOUSE on the lower
end of Royal street, lately occupied by Mr.
Edwards. Possession may be had imme-
diately.
John T. Brooks.

NOTICE.
THE Treasurer having made the calcu-
lations of interest due the Stockholders in the
Little River Turnpike Company, agreeable
to a resolution made at a meeting of the
Stockholders on the 4th December, 1809,
whereby it appears that the amount of inter-
est is 12,974 dollars, and that the nett a-
mount of tolls to the first of January, 1810,
is 11,400 dollars—it is therefore Resolved,
that the sum of eighty cents in each dollar
of interest as aforesaid, be paid in stock, to
the Stockholders or their legal representa-
tives agreeable to the said resolution.
Jonah Thompson, Tr.
Little River Turnpike Company.
April 23. 2aw5w

TUITION.
THE subscriber continues to teach the
French Language at his residence cor-
ner of Prince and Royal streets. Ladies and
gentlemen will be waited on at their places
of abode at such hours as they may appoint.
Terms of tuition may be known by applying
to him.
John Frignet.
N. B. The French translated into English
the English into French.
April

LANDING,
From schooner Rising Sun, and for sale by
Lawson and Fowle,
Five bales Beerboon Gurrahs.
April 3.

TO LET.
A convenient TWO STORY BRICK
HOUSE on Princess street, between Wash-
ington and Columbus streets, in a very heal-
thy part of the town.
Apply to
John F. Smith.
April 18. eo6t

THOMAS DE VALANGIN
Respectfully begs leave to inform his friends
and the public in general, that he has re-
moved to the stand lately occupied by Mr.
Samuel McCand, on King street, and con-
tinues to offer for sale, a handsome assort-
ment of LIQUORS and GROCERIES on
the lowest terms for cash, viz:
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson
Skin, Souchong and Bohea Teas of the latest
importation.
First and second quality New Orleans and
West India Sugars.
Madeira, Lisbon, & Malaga Wines
Old Port, in bottles
Holland and country Gin
Cognac, Bordeaux, Peach & Apple Brandy
Best Jamaica, Antigua and New England
Rum
Whiskey in barrels and by retail
Cherry Brandy
Spanish Segars of a superior quality
Green and white Coffee, Chocolate, Mace,
cloves, cinnamon, nutmegs, pimento, pepper,
race and ground ginger, rice, pearl and com-
mon barley, arronette, madder, indigo, cop-
peras, alum, brimstone, saltpetre, starch, fig-
blue, white and brown soap, mould and dipt
candles, gunpowder, shot, flints, first, second
and third quality smoking tobacco, James
River and small twist tobacco in kegs and by
retail, plug tobacco in rolls, maccabau, rap-
pee and Scotch snuff, best Florence oil in
flasks.
April 4 1aw4w

ISAAC KELL,
Coppersmith, Plumber, and Tin-Plate
Worker,
HAVING REMOVED from Water lo
Prince street, two doors above the
corner of the late Col. Hooe, informs those
who have hitherto favored him with their
custom, and those who may be disposed to
do so, that he will thankfully receive and
endeavor to merit their favors.
Cash or exchange given for old Copper,
Brass, Pewter or Lead.
WANTED,
A BOY of good morals as Apprentice to
the above business.
March 29. 2aw

This is to give notice
THAT the subscriber has obtained from
Orphan's Court of Charles county, let-
ters testamentary on the personal estate of
Charles Pyle, deceased. All those who have
claims against said deceased, are requested to
exhibit the same legally proved to the sub-
scriber on or before the first day of October next
they may otherwise by law be excluded from
all benefit of said estate. Given under my
hand this first day of April, 1810.
Nichs. Stonestreet, Exr.
April 7 1aw5p

GRAND LOTTERY,
Three Prizes of 25,000 Dollars each,
STATE OF NEW-YORK,
Union College Lottery, No. I.
MANAGERS.

S. C. H. & M. E.		James Demmon,	AND	Stephen Thorne.
3. Prizes of	25,000 is \$75,000			
1	10,000	10,000		
1	5,000	5,000		
1	5,000	5,000		
4 340 Tickets each,	7,000	7,000		
5	2,000	2,000		
5	1,000	5,000		
20	300	14,000		
30	300	6,000		
50	100	5,000		
100	50	5,000		
200	20	4,000		
10,500	10	105,000		
10,924 Prizes,		245,000		
24,076 Blanks,				
35,000 Tickets, at 7 dollars, is		245,000		

Less than 2 1/4 blanks to a prize subject
to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes paya-
ble 30 days after the conclusion of the draw-
ing.

OF THE ANNEXED TICKETS.
1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled
to \$1,000.
1st do. 15th do. 240 Tickets from
No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.
1st do. 20th do. 250 do. from No.
251 to 500, inclusive.
1st do. 25th do. 530 do. from No.
501 to 750, inclusive.
1st do. 30th do. 230 do. from No.
231 to 250, inclusive.
1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dolls.
1st do. 40th do. 1000
1st do. 45th do. 75,000

First 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a
Ten Dollar prize each.
The drawing will commence in the
City of New York on the third Tuesday in
April next, and will continue to draw 600
Tickets each day (except the last day, when
there will remain 800 to be drawn) until
finished.

Tickets for sale by R. GRAY, Booksel-
ler, King street, Alexandria, where all tick-
ets sold by him may be examined, and infor-
mation obtained respecting the Lottery dur-
ing the drawing, free of expence. Prizes in
the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken
at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery,
and the difference paid in cash. Cash will
also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn,
at a moderate discount.
Present price of tickets eight dollars.
January 1.

Should the first number, on the 15th day
of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1
to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next
drawn number (not one of those numbers)
shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets,
with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn
to them previous to the 15th day of drawing;
and in the like manner with tickets for the
20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so
that a person with one ticket may draw One
Thousand Tickets!—Question—How?—An-
swer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property
of A—the first drawn number on the 15th day
of drawing, which will entitle A to the num-
bers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn num-
ber on the 20th day of drawing, may be No
175, which will entitle him to the numbers
from 251 to 500. The first drawn number,
on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will
entitle him to the numbers from 2501 to
22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn num-
ber, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one
of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will
entitle him to the numbers from 22,250 to
22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets
may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

PERSON properly qualified to Teach
the Greek, Latin, and English Lan-
guages, grammatically, & Geography, would
meet with liberal encouragement in the town
of Alexandria if application by letter address-
ed to the Printer, is speedily made.
February 24. 2aw

TO THE PUBLIC.
THE subscriber, after a lapse of time
necessarily consumed in the prepara-
tion of his house, respectfully announces to
the citizens of Alexandria, as well as to the
community at large, that he has taken for a
term of years that noted and elegant estab-
lishment known by the name of the CITY
HOTEL, and once occupied by Mr. Gadsby,
whose distinguished abilities as a Politician
gave it an eclat which the subscriber hopes
to preserve by his unremitting exertions in
affording to all those who may wish to reside
in the city of Alexandria, the most accom-
modating and comfortable accommodations. The subscriber
deems it unnecessary to indicate the multi-
tude of conveniences attached to the City
Hotel, and will only submit a description of
that portion of travellers who have gen-
erally attested its numerous advantages.
James Brook.
February 20 1aw